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CENTRE EUROPÉEN DE RECHERCHE ET DE FORMATION AVANCÉE EN CALCUL SCIENTIFIQUE

Les défis de l'analyse de données en sciences du climat

État actuel et perspectives

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Centre Européen de Recherche et de Formation Avancée en Calcul Scientifique (CERFACS)

www.cerfacs.fr

CERFACS/Toulouse: *High Performance Computing Research Centre*

- Develop scientific and technical researches in order to improve advanced computing methods
- Access to computers with new architecture
- Transfer this scientific knowledge and technical methods for application to big industrial sectors
- Train high qualified people
- 2015: The tenth computer set at CERFACS since 1996 occupies the 388° place in the top 500 delivering a peak power of 242 Tflop/s





Outline

- Motivations: Scientific, Technical, Societal
- Current Situation and Issues: we have to improve
- "Standard" Solutions
- Background
- Some Solutions
 - Building Blocks
 - Putting it all together
- Big Data Technologies and Analytics
- Summary and Perspectives



Scientific

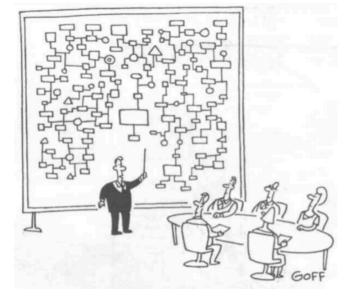
Research data lifecycle

- Perform efficient Data Analysis
 - Large number of realizations (ensemble of scenarios)
 - Uncertainties range estimation
 - Process Higher spatial and temporal resolution
 - Easily share intermediate results with collaborators
- Achieve a more robust and flexible Data Life Cycle
 - More robust experiments setup
 - Explore several experiment configurations to answer scientific questions
 - Reproducible experiments



Scientific

- Every development work in climate modelling comprises comparison of realizations
 - I introduced this small change....
 - What happened to my model?
 - Does it work?
 - Does it work in the expected way?
 - Are there consequences I did not expect?





Technical

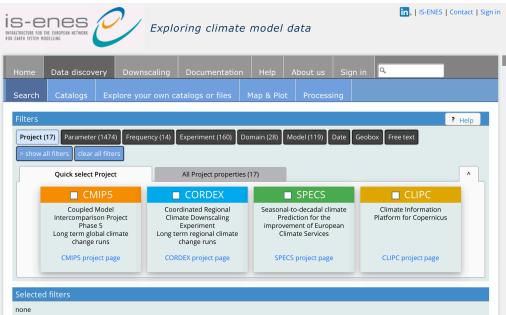
- Process large data volumes, ideally near(er) the data storage
 - Data Analytics
 - Data Life Cycle
- Streamline the data processing workflow
- Proper metadata description of the data objects
- Properly track provenance information
- Interconnect e-infrastructures and research infrastructures services, interfaces & platforms



Societal

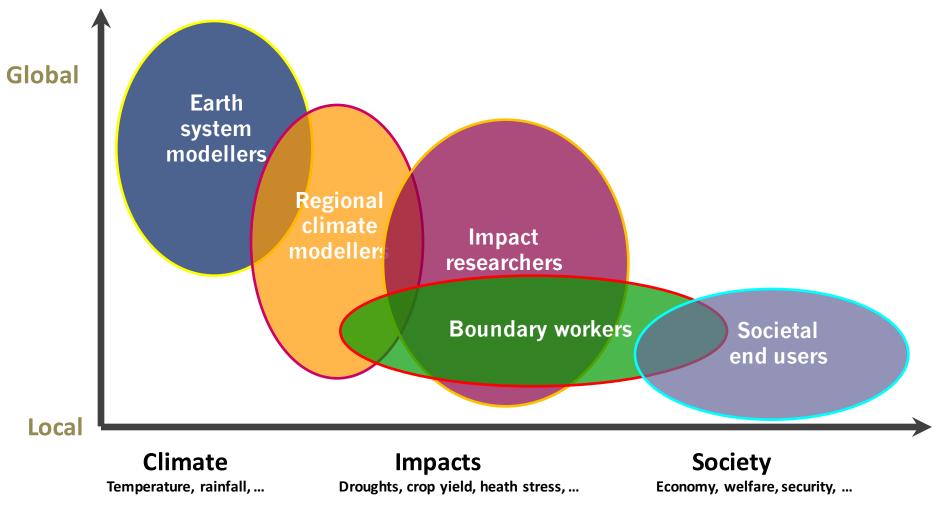
- Provide climate projections data to climate change impact researchers, facilitators, practitioners
 - Ease access with better intuitive interfaces
 - Provide more common data formats
 - Generate tailored products from data processing workflows





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http://climate4impact.eu



Lars Bärring, SMHI Rossby Centre, Circle-2 Conference on European Climate Change Adaptation Research and Practice, Lisbon, 10-12 March 2014



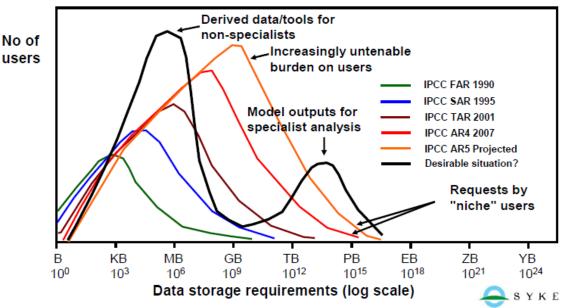
Climate Research Community Data available for scientific analysis: a very large trend

 Limitations in data access means limitations in data analytics and scientific results

Download locally then Analyze: a workflow that

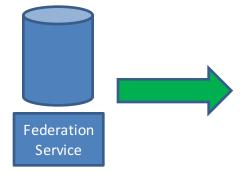
cannot be sustained No of

- Climate researchers
- Impact researchers





Practical Example: Climate Community



- Temperature at 850 hPa field (Aggregated files 30 levels)
- 10 climate models
- 1960-1990 & 2040-2070 = 60 years = 21 915 days
- Daily fields = 1 field per day
- Global spatial scale 100 km resolution

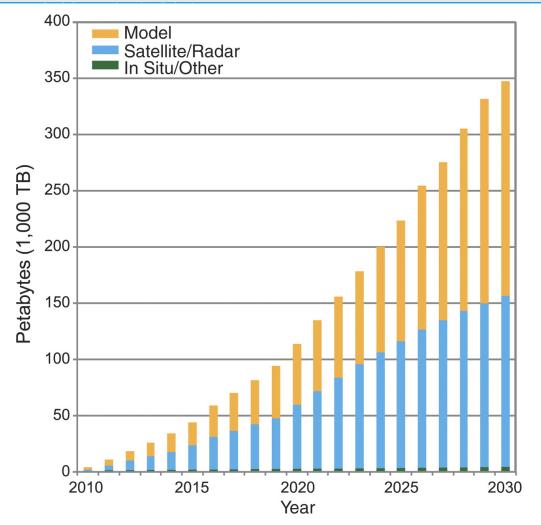
Data reduction...

ΣΓΕΡΕΑΓΟ

TOTAL: 6 754 500 fields to download ~100 Kb per 2D field = 626 Gb

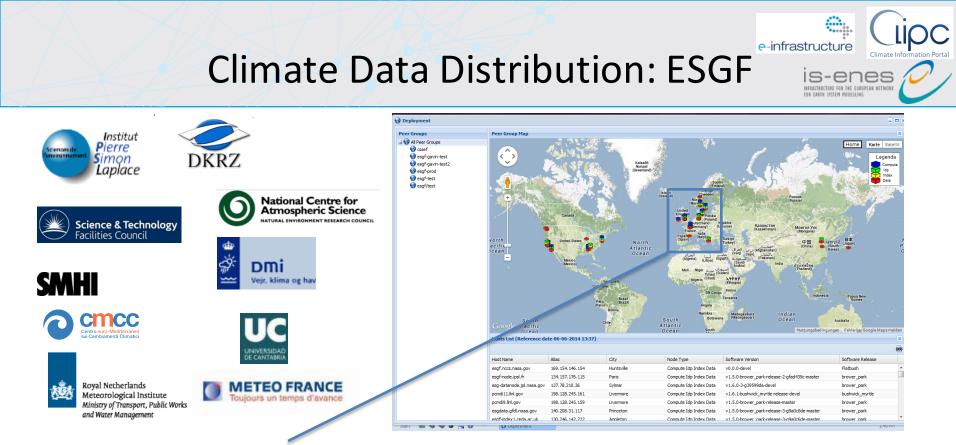
After the analysis post-processing

- Anomaly of the average of the two periods over a specific country for each climate model
- **Result**: 10 times 2D fields over a small domain
 - Estimated datasize after post-processing: 1 Mb



Projected increase in global climate data for climate models, remotely sensed data, and in situ instrumental/proxy data. From Overpeck et al. Science, 2011





ESGF Data Nodes 2015:

- 40 worldwide
- 18 in Europe (coordinated in IS-ENES)

IS-ENES ESGF Portals IS

- BADC (UK)
- DKRZ (Germany)
- IPSL (France)
- SMHI (Sweden)
- CMCC (Italy)
- DMI (Denmark)

IS-ENES climate4impact Portal

- KNMI (Netherlands)
- Interlinked with Uni. Cantabria downscaling portal (Spain)

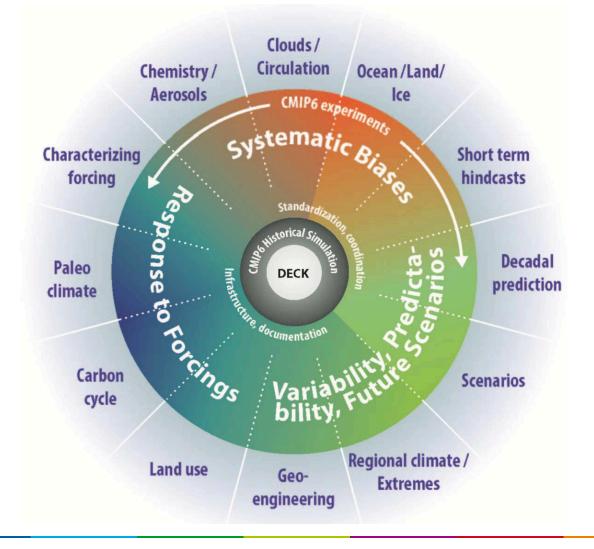
CLIPC Portal

Climate Information Portal for Copernicus

Ack: Michael Lautenschlager, DKRZ

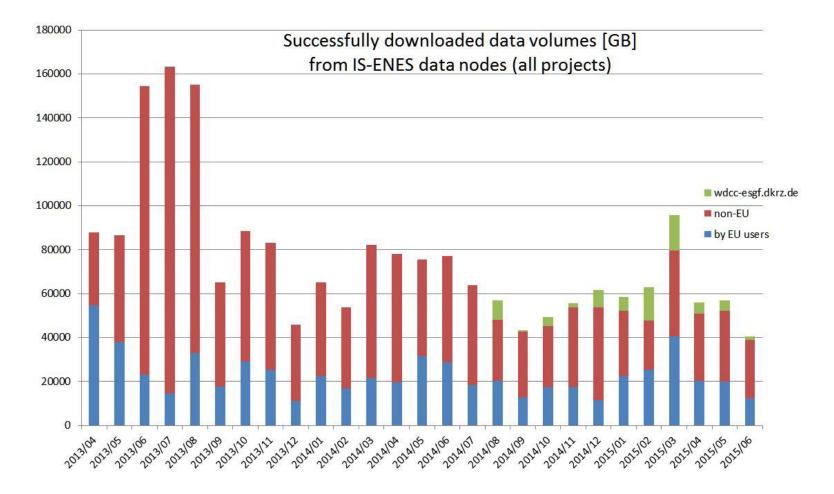


Current situation: CMIP6 Climate Simulations





Downloaded data volumes – European ESGF data nodes



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Status CMIP5 data archive:

1.8 PB for 59000 data sets stored in 4.3 Mio Files in 23 ESGF data nodes CMIP5 data is about 50 times CMIP3

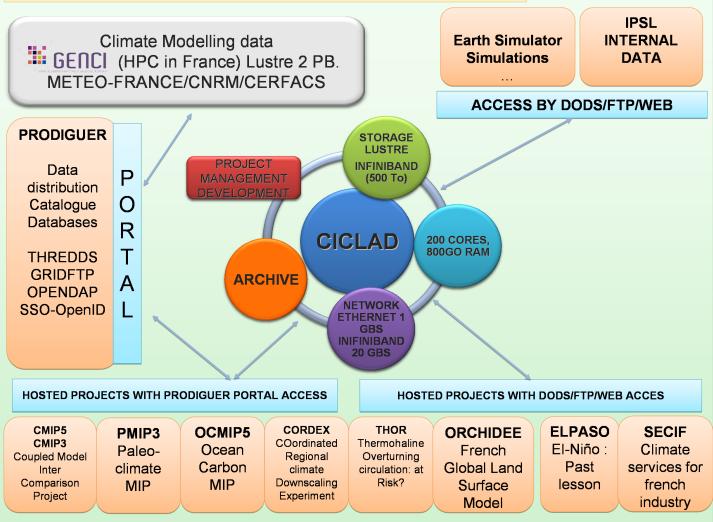
Extrapolation to CMIP6:

CMIP6 has a more complex experiment structure than CMIP5. Expectations: more models, finer spatial resolution and larger ensembles Factor of 20: 36 PB in 86 Mio Files Factor of 50: 90 PB in 215 Mio Files



"Standard" Solutions

IPSL e-infrastructure to sustain climate analysis





"Standard" Solutions

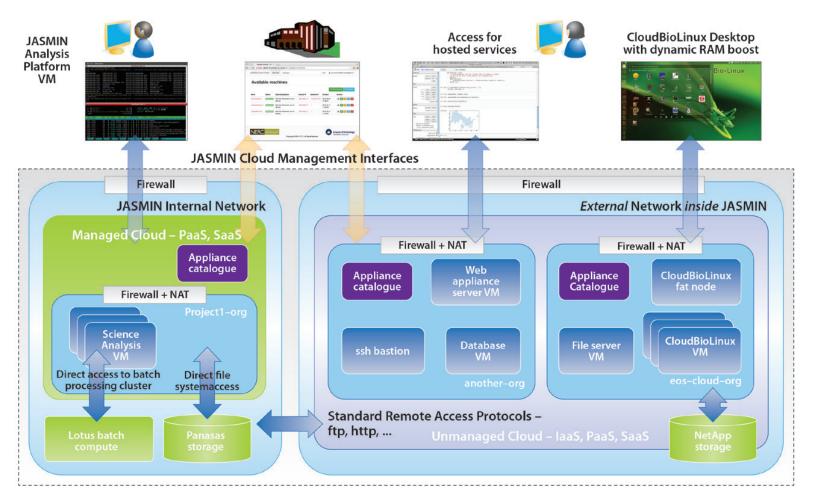


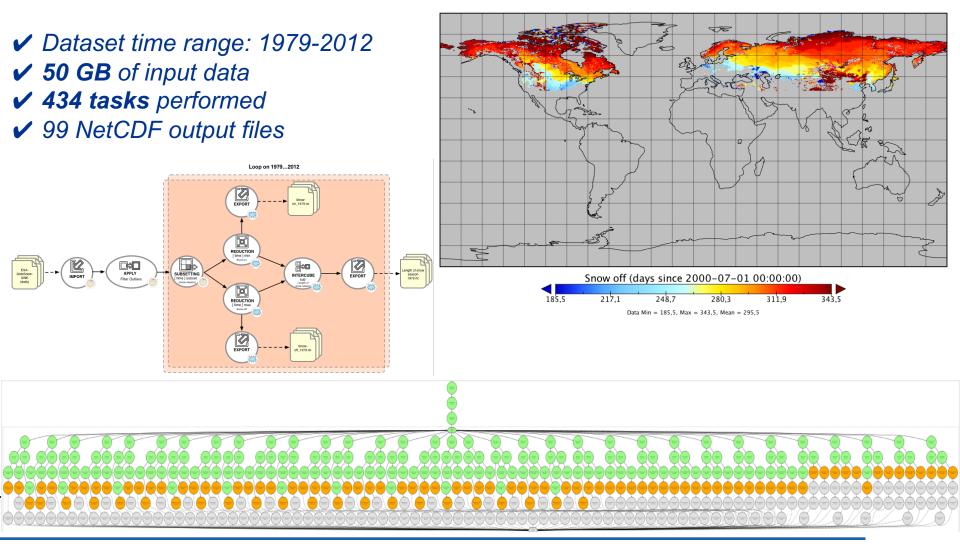
Fig. 13. CEDA's JASMIN analysis platform. JASMIN integrates cloud architecture, container technologies, and virtual machines to improve flexibility and performance and track maintenance.

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"Standard" Solutions

Snow on/off – Length of snow season

Snow off



Background

ESGF Future Computing Nodes: API

• **Goal**: perform data analysis near the data storage

- Better data access
- Move away from the download/analyze workflow



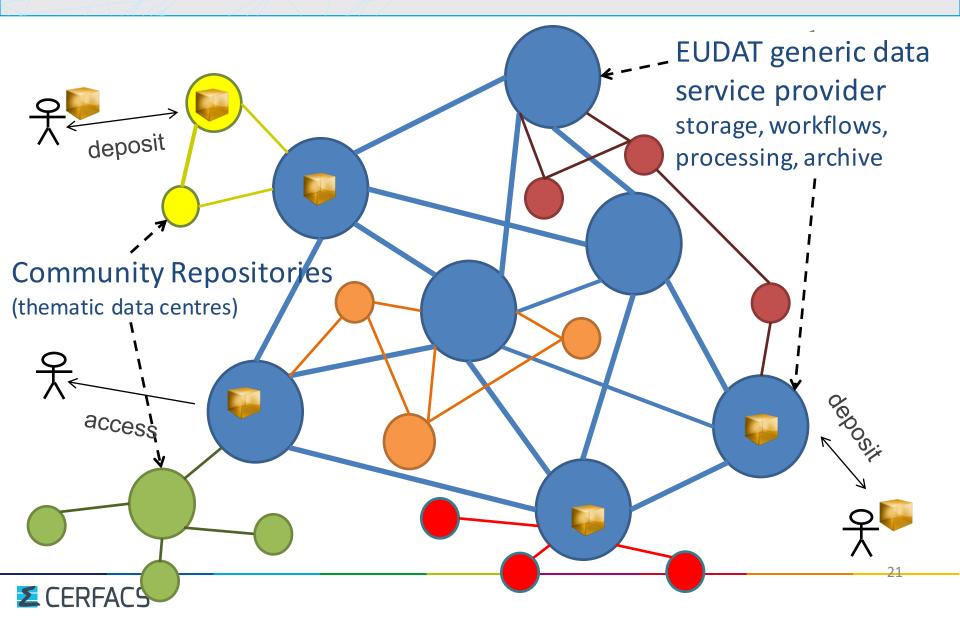


Background: EUDAT





Background: EUDAT CDI



Background: EGI





Solutions: Building Blocks



- Federation of Peer-to-Peer Data Nodes
- Computing Nodes API (Using ISO-OGC WPS)
- OpenID Authentication/Authorization

EUDAT

- API for deploying calculations (workflows)
- B2 Services for orchestration and storage

IS-ENES

Data Analytics Services => climate4impact.eu platform



Solutions: Putting it all together

Bridge EUDAT / EGI / ESGF / IS-ENES

- EUDAT Workflow API (GEF) 🗇
 - ESGF Computing API WPS
 - EGI Federated Cloud
 - IS-ENES Data Analytics Services => climate4impact.eu platform
- Challenge: Common Authentication and Authorization



Big Data?

What about Big Data Technologies and Analytics??

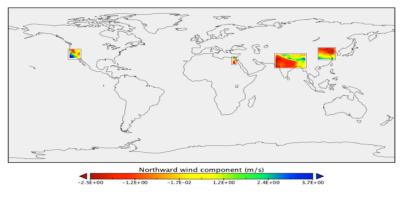
Big Data Landscape 2016 (Version 3.0)						
Infrastructure	Analytics	Applications				
Hadoop On-Premise Cloudera Motomotor Pivotol IBM IndoSphere Blackdata jethro Cole Carl National IBM IndoSphere Blackdata jethro	Analyst Platforms Platforms Platforms Platforms Platforms Platforms Counter relevant Scouter relevant Scouter relevant AnappeAna	RADIUS' Gainsight Sbioomreach Zetää Wrestenko livefyreä Internet internet interne				
NoSQL Databases Coogle Cloud Platform Microsoft Azure mongo DB Control Software	B Platforms Down B Computing SSAS Com	Ad Optimization Ad Optimization AppNexus Criteol. Memory defined Memory d				
Graph Databases MPP Databases Cloud EDW Databases Data Transformation Component Age Transformation Component Age Data Transformation Component Age Transformation Component Age	Real-Time Machine Learning Strim Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Marca Vector Strim Confluent Strim Marca Vector Strim Confluent Strim Marca Vector Strim Marca Vector Marca Vector Strim Marca Vector Marca Vector	Tools Socrata Outbrain Openeov Tabogla Openeov quantcast Piscalvote "Chartbeat Piscalvote "Chartbeat mark43				
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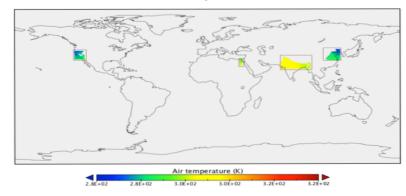
Big Data: Hadoop and Climate Data @NASA



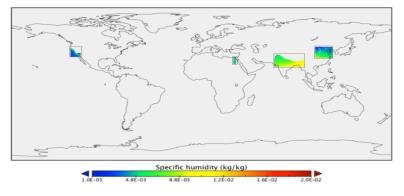
Northward wind component



Air temperature



Specific humidity



Wei, et al.

- ~8.4 TB transferred from archive to local workstation (weeks)
- Clipping, averaging performed by Fortran program on local workstation (days)

MERRA/AS

- Clipping, averaging performed by MERRA/AS (~28 hrs)
- Only ~35 GB final product transferred to local workstation (minutes)
- Significant time savings in data wrangling,
- rapid screening over monthly means files takes minutes, and
- there's a possibility of folding Dr. Wei's modeling algorithm back into the CDS API ...

Applying Apache Hadoop to NASA's Big Climate Data: Glenn Tamkin, John Schnase, Dan Duffy, Hoot Thompson, Denis Nadeau, Scott Sinno, Savannah Strong,



Big Data: Hadoop and Climate Data @NASA

The original MapReduce application utilized standard Hadoop Sequence Files. Later they were modified to support three different formats called Sequence, Map, and Bloom.

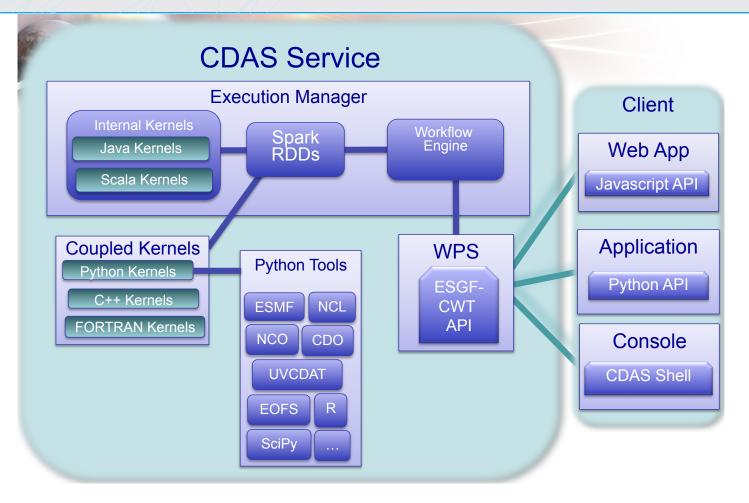
Dramatic performance increases were observed with the addition of the Bloom filter (~30-80%).

Read a single parameter ("T") from a single sequenced monthly means file	Standalone VM	6.1	1.2	1.1	+81.9%
Single MR job across 4 months of data seeking "T" (period = 2)	Standalone VM	204	67	36	+82.3%
Generate sequence file from a single MM file	Standalone VM	39	41	51	-30.7%
Single MR job across 4 months of data seeking "T" (period = 2)	Cluster	31	46	22	+29.0%
Single MR job across 12 months of data seeking "T" (period = 3)	Cluster	49	59	36	+26.5%

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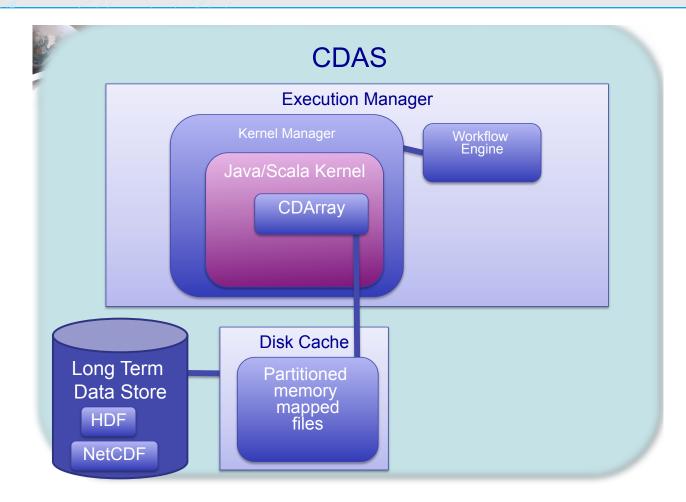
Big Data: Spark & Hadoop / CDAS @NASA



Climate Data Services Framework (CDAS). Thomas Maxwell and Dan Duffy. NASA.



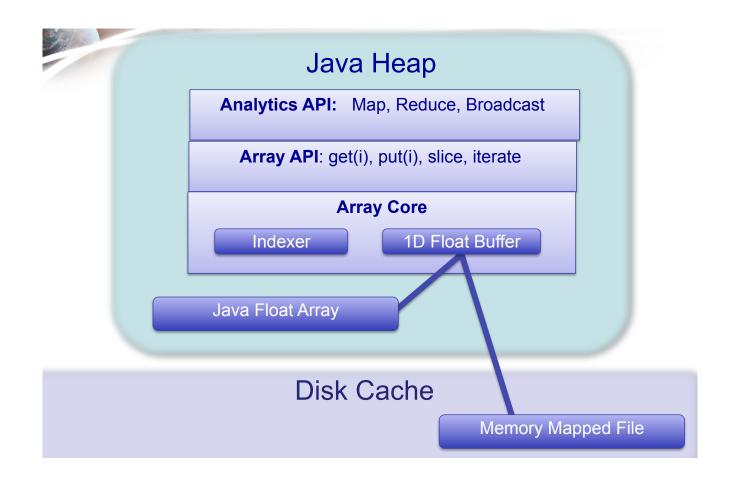
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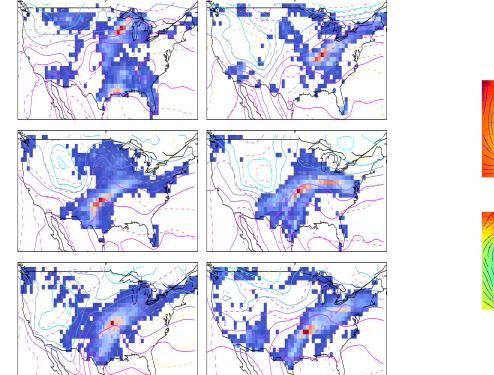
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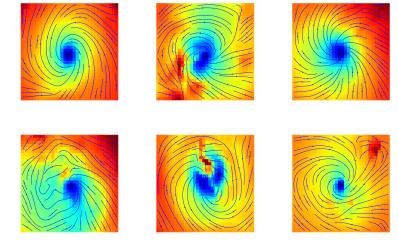


Climate Data Services Framework (CDAS). Thomas Maxwell and Dan Duffy. NASA.



Big Data Analytics on Climate Data





Weather fronts (left) and Tropical Cyclones (right) as detected by a convolutional neural network.

Liu et al. KDD 2016 August 13-17, San Francisco, CA, USA



Summary and Perspectives

• Infrastructure to access relevant climate data

- Global & Regional Climate Model projections
- Observations: satellite, reanalyses, surface

Community Services with standard interfaces

- On-demand downscaling services
- On-demand product calculations
 - » Climate indices and indicators
 - » Bias-correction
- On-demand calculations
 - » Reduce datasize to be transferred over the network
 - » Ease access to calculations to end users
- Support to heterogeneous users

Bridge e-infrastructure to research infrastructures

- Provide Data Analytics & Tailoring to users
- Enhance and Ease Data Sharing & Discovery
- Provide support for "Long Tail of Science" (LToS)

• Big Data Techniques

- Data Mining for Geophysical Data
- Neural Networks, Hadoop/Spark





Questions! 😳



